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Broccoli waste valorization through solar energy

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Broccoli (Brassica oleracea L. var. Italica)

• Popular worldwide:

dietary potential, organoleptic properties, easy production

- Florets are known from its health benefits
- Source of many phytochemical compounds:

including phenolic compounds and vitamins with antioxidant capacity

• Reduce the risk of different degenerative and chronic diseases: including cancer, cardiovascular and diabetes







Adding Value to Broccoli Stems

- Stalks are usually discarded: for feed or fertilizer
- Stalks can have larger antioxidant capacity than florets
- Stalks should be not seen as a byproduct reduce food waste









Adding Value to Broccoli Stems

- Development of new food products
- Using appropriate technologies
- Dehydration of broccoli stem slices





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- ✓ Add value to broccoli stalks using different drying conditions:
 - ♦ Convective
 - \diamond Laboratory
 - \diamond Solar
- ✓ Study drying kinetics
- ✓ Evaluate the impact on quality:
 - ♦ Physical: shape/size and colour
 - ♦ total phenolics and antioxidant activity



Materials & Methods



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• Slices of 2 mm





- Drying at 50, 60 and 70°C; 1,2 m/s
 - tray dried (Armfield UOP8, Ringwood, England)







Materials & Methods

• Drying at 50-60°C; 0,03 m/s

-laboratory (Excalibur 9-tray)





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• Solar drying

- (Sunflair_®48.3 x 39.4 x 5.1 cm)







Materials & Methods

• Model drying kinetics for convective experiments

$$\frac{X - Xe}{X0 - Xe} = \exp(-k \cdot t^{n}) \qquad Page \ model$$
$$k = k_{ref} \exp\left[-\frac{Ea}{R}\left(\frac{1}{T} - \frac{1}{T_{ref}}\right)\right]$$





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Materials & Methods

• Shape, size and color evaluation by image analysis

$$C = C_0 \exp^{-kt} \qquad \frac{C - Ceq}{C0 - Ceq} = \exp\left[-k t\right]$$

$$TCD = \alpha \exp\left[-\exp\left(\frac{Kmax e}{\alpha}\right) \cdot (\lambda - T) + 1\right]$$

$$k = k_{ref} \exp\left[-\frac{Ea}{R}\left(\frac{1}{T} - \frac{1}{T_{ref}}\right)\right]$$

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- Total phenolic compounds
- Total antioxidant activity



• Convective drying



Page model equation coefficients

Equation coefficients		
Т	k (min ⁻¹)	n
50°C	0.00232	1.35343
60°C	0.00491	1.34120
70°C	0.00485	1.36661





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• Laboratory drying





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• Solar drying



Predicted vs Experimental

Equilibrium moisture content not constant



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• Impact on quality - *colour*



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• Impact on quality - *colour*



Predicted vs Experimental

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• Impact on quality – *area* & *perimeter*



Impact on quality - area & perimeter •





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• Impact on quality - *area* & *perimeter*



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• Impact on quality – total phenolic compounds



samples presented a similar total phenolic value (p>0.05).



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• Impact on quality – *total antioxidant activity*



samples presented a similar total antioxidant activity (p>0.05).



Conclusions



\rightarrow For drying:

- Page model, with Arrhenius behavior, was able to fit well convective drying experiments
- Model was able to predict laboratory drying results
- For solar drying the equilibrium moisture content has to be included in the model



Conclusions



\rightarrow For quality:

- Quality changes were modeled under isothermal conditions
- Models predicted well the behavior under laboratory conditions
- For solar drying models predicted well area and perimeter changes



Conclusions



\rightarrow For quality:

- No significant changes for total phenolic compounds among samples dried in convective, laboratory or solar drying
- Similar conclusion for antioxidant activity of dried broccoli stem slices



Contact



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